

The Doha Negotiations

Preparation of Schedules of Agricultural Commitments



Legal Framework

Modalities + Supporting Tables

Legally Binding Commitments

Agreement on Agriculture

Schedules of Commitments

Other WTO Agreements

Protocol of Accession





Scheduling Process

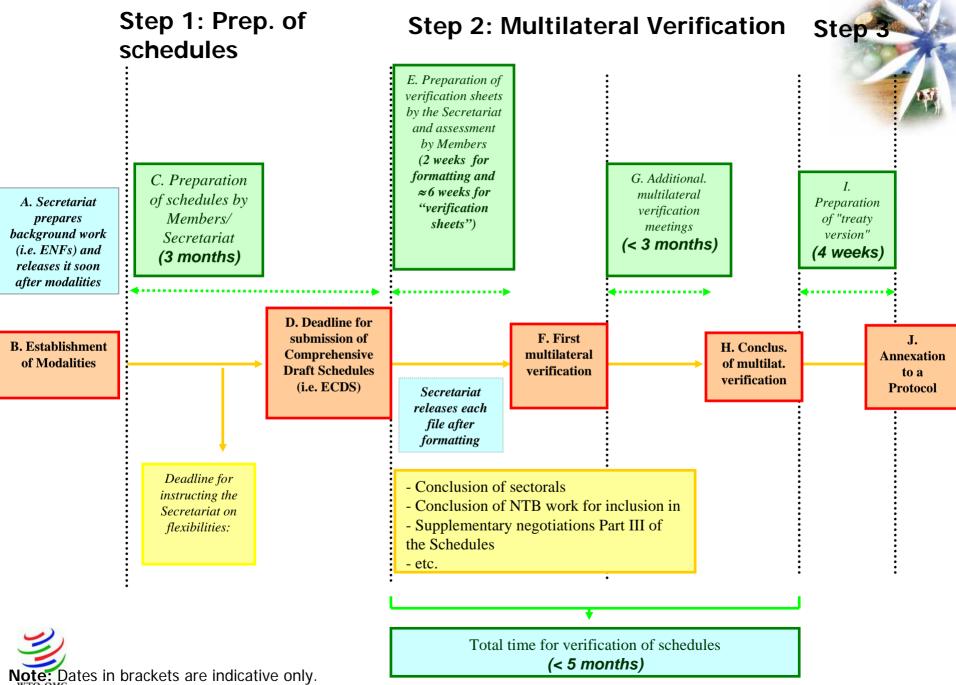
- Each Member should submit to the Secretariat an electronic version of its comprehensive draft schedule (ECDS)
- To facilitate the preparation of the ECDS, Members provided with an electronic negotiating file (ENF) prepared by the Secretariat
- ENF contains Members existing concessions and any relevant material required by the modalities
 - The ENFs will be based on data available in the CTS and IDB



Scheduling Process

- THE ECDS maybe submitted in any of the official WTO languages
 - Data should be in spreadsheet or database format, preferably MS Excel of MS Access
- ECDS will then be open to all WTO Members for multilateral verification
- Once verification is completed, the Secretariat will prepare one paper copy of each approved ECDS on special treaty paper
- Developing and least-developed country Members may request the assistance of the Secretariat in preparing their ECDS
- Refer to JOB(06)/99/Rev.1





Concessions on Trade in Goods

- Doha Schedules will contain the following sections:
 - Part I, Section I.A Agricultural Tariffs
 - > Part I, Section I.B Agricultural Tariff Quotas
 - ▶ Part I, Section II Non-Agricultural Tariffs
 - Part II Preferential Tariffs
 - Part III Non-Tariff Measures
 - Part IV Agricultural Commitments Limiting Subsidisation



Part I, Section I.A – Ag Tariffs

- Application of the general tariff reduction formula to existing bound tariffs (called the base duty rate)
 - except for LDCs who are not required to undertake reduction commitments
- Application of specific provisions to further increase or decrease the tariff reductions made through the general formula
 - Tariff escalation
 - Tropical products
 - Preference erosion
 - Cotton



Part I, Section I.A – Ag Tariffs

- Application of tariff reduction flexibilities
 - Sensitive products
 - Special products
 - Small, vulnerable economies
 - Recently acceded Members
- This resulting tariff will be the <u>new</u> final bound tariff duty to be phased-in over the duration of the implementation period
- Other elements to be considered:
 - Special safeguard mechanism developing country
 Members to decide what products (if not for all products)
 and these may need to be specified in the schedule
 - Tariff simplification Members may need to modify some forms of tariff duties which would be reflected in the schedule



Part I, Section I.B - Ag Tariff Quotas

- Only relevant to sensitive products
 - but, if currently have tariff quotas, these need to be reflected in the new schedule
- Specific information to include:
 - the tariff lines included in the tariff quota
 - the in-quota duty
 - The quota volume commitment base and final bound level (i.e. by how much is the tariff quota expanded)
- Members will likely be required to submit supporting data for the verification process – would not be included in the schedule



Part IV – Domestic Support



- Sets out the limits for which Members may provide support to producers under:
 - the Amber Box (AMS);
 - The Blue Box; and
 - the total limit on overall trade-distorting domestic support
- Also likely to set out any product-specific limits under each of the Amber and Blue Boxes (if agreed)
- ➤ It is likely that Members will be required to submit supporting data for the verification process



Part IV – Export Subsidies

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- Sets out the limits that Members with the right to use export subsidies may provide such support
- Set out, by product, on basis of:
 - volume commitments; and
 - value commitments
- If do not have the right to use export subsidies, section left blank

