

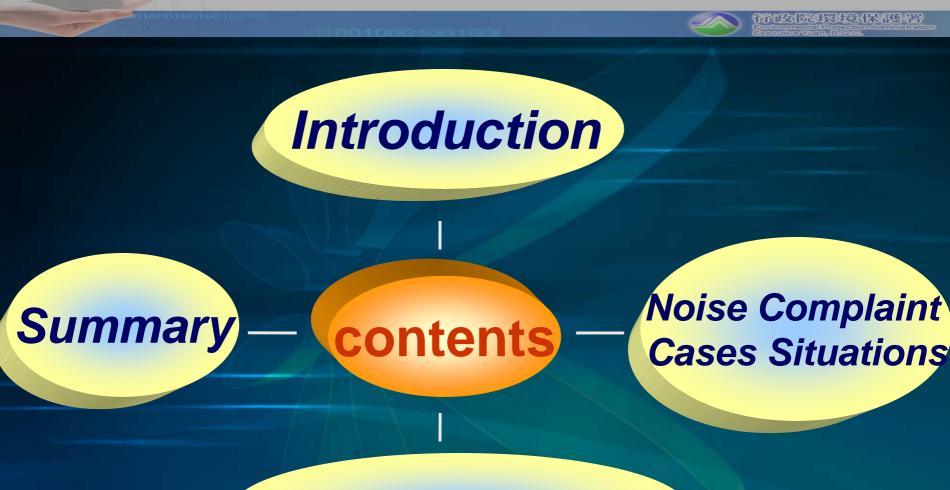
The newly amended Noise Control Standard in Taiwan



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Contents



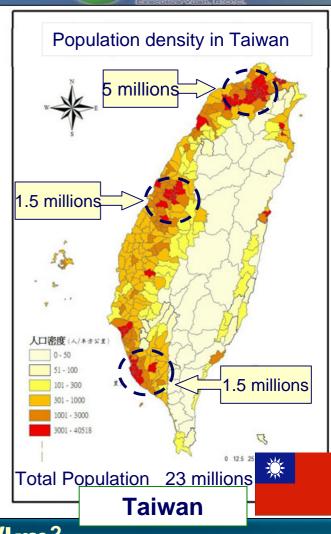
Amended Articles





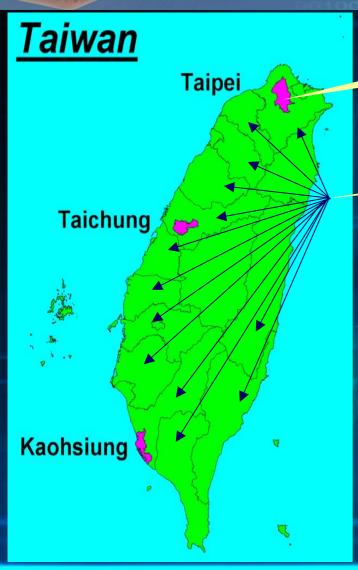
- Area : 36,000 km²
- Population: 23 millions
- Population density:

All over: 625/km²; Taipei City: 9,864/km²



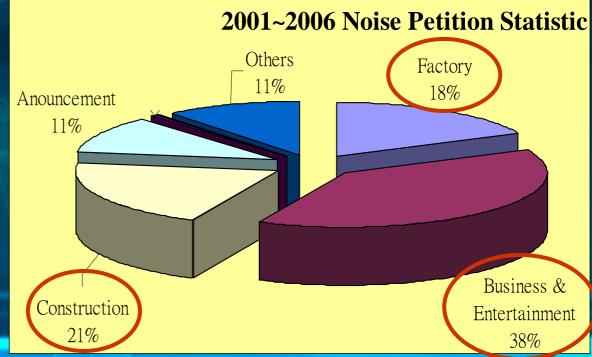






Central authority: EPA

Local Government: 25EPBs



- The noise control efforts began as early as 1983 with the promulgation of the Noise Control Act, last amended on Jan 8, 2003.
- In 1992, the EPA announced the Noise Control Standard.
- The noise emitted from factories, business places · entertainment establishments construction sites, public announcement facilities Others

shall not exceed the Noise Control Standard within each noise control zones.





行政院設設與代表與特









-Noise Control Zone

- Noise Control Zones are designated by local governments (EPB).
- Class 1: For the areas which need very quite environment
- Class 2: The areas which for residential use mainly
- Class 3: Residential and commercial areas mixed or residential and industrial areas mixed
- Class 4: Industrial areas



2. Noise complaint Cases situations

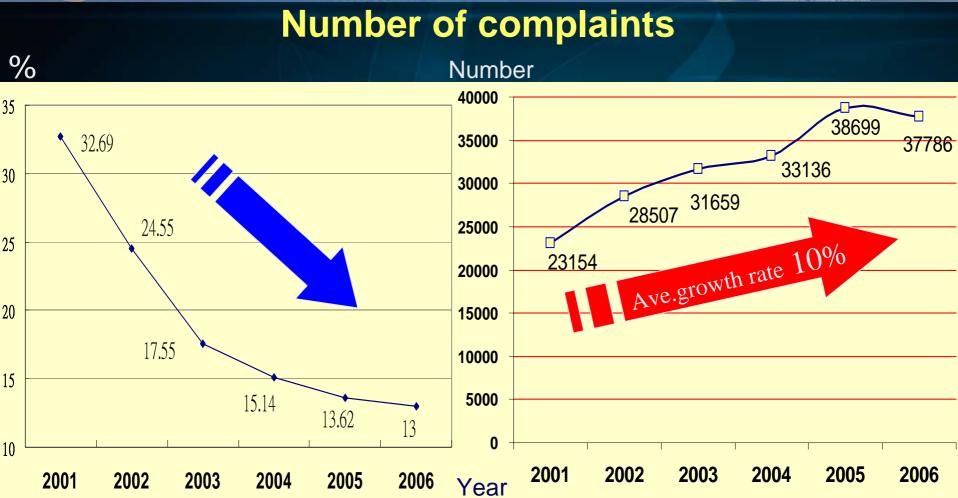


Figure: Environmental unqualified percentage V.S.

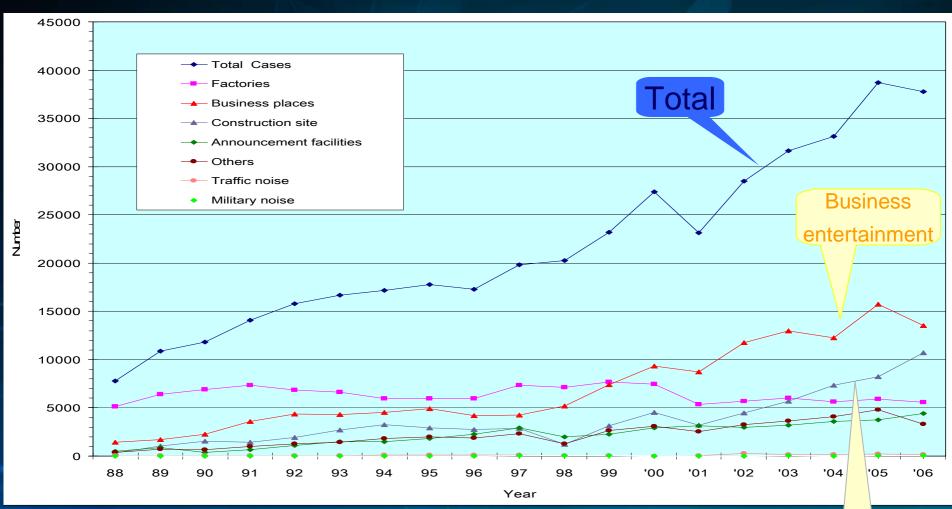
Number of noise complaint from 2001 to 2006



2. Noise complaint Cases situations



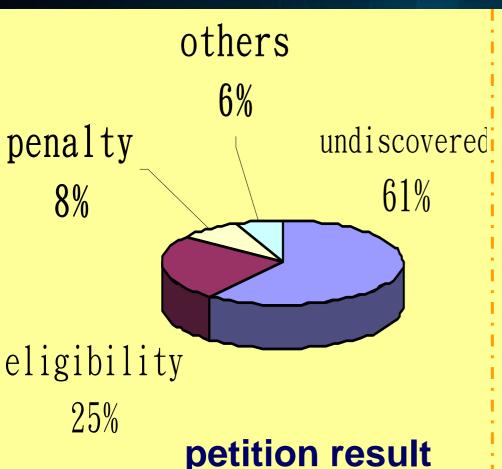
Noise sources

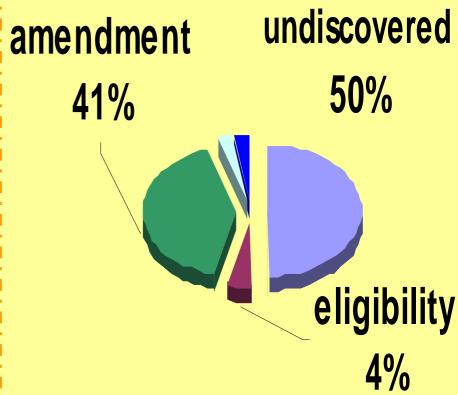


2. Noise complaint Cases situations



Petition result comparison





Multi petition result







Based on the noise complaint cases, the low-frequency noise criteria for business places and entertainment establishments was set in 2005. Immediately following that was the amendment for Noise Control Standard in 2008 for factories also the following items.

- Time intervals
- Instrumentation
- Period of observation
- Measurement position
- Evaluation method





Measurement Position

- Measurement shall be made at any place outside the surrounding boundaries of a factories, business and entertainment place, or at the living place designated by the applicant concerned.
- •It needs to inside the building if the low-frequency noise measured.





Evaluation Method

- ●Based on the following sound characteristics to calculate the L_{eq} or L_{max}, the results shall not exceed the values shown in the table.
 - If the peak of noise read from sound level meter displays regularly at periodic or intermittent cycles with the maximum value approximately the same, take the average of the L_{max} in five consecutive readings.
 - Other situations shall be expressed by L_{eq}. Sampling time shall be more than 2 consecutive minutes and the sampling time interval shall not exceed 2 seconds.

► Business places and entertainment dB(A) 20-200Hz establishments noise control standards • Low frequency noise

$$L_{eq,LF} = 10 \times \log \sum_{n=20Hz}^{200Hz} 10^{0.1 \times L_{eq,n}}$$

Noise Control	Day	Evening	Night
Zone	06:00-20:00	20:00-22:00	22:00-06:00
Class 1	35	35	30
Class 2	40	35	30
Class 3 & 4	40	40	35





> Factories noise control standards

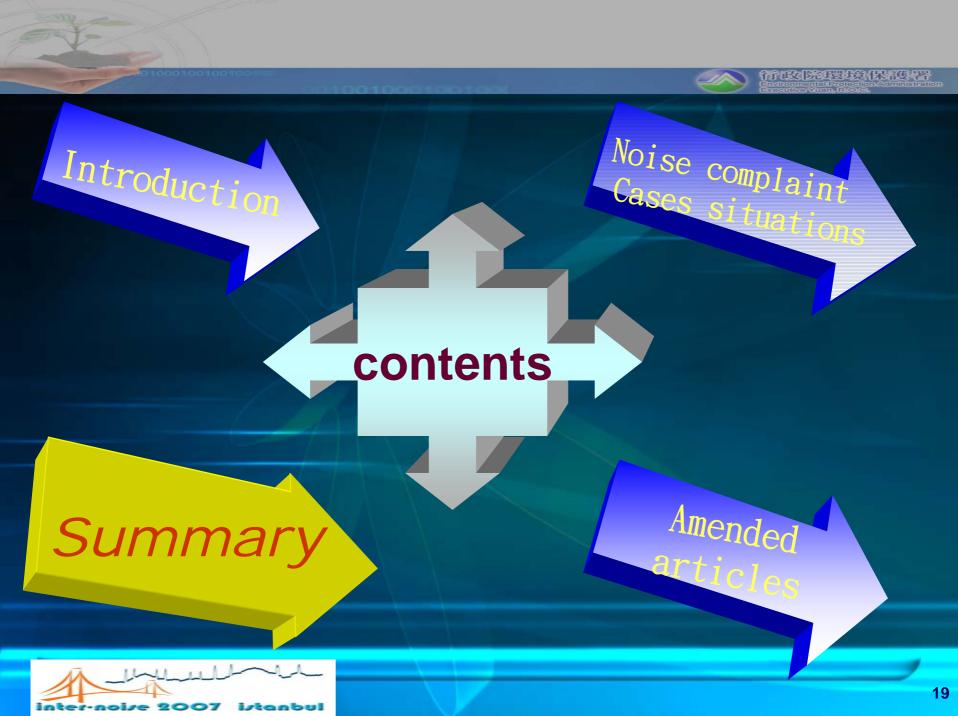
Low frequency noise

$$L_{eq,LF} = 10 \times \log \sum_{n=20Hz}^{200Hz} 10^{0.1 \times L_{eq,n}}$$

dB(A) 20-200Hz

Noise Control	Day	Evening	Night
Zone	06:00-20:00	20:00-22:00	22:00-06:00
Class 1 & 2	42	42	39
Class 3 & 4	47	47	44





- Sociology
 - psychology
- 4. Summar
- **Physics**

modern's life pressure Environmental tolerance



Physical ohenomenon

Noise&Space

Gross National income

- Education
- **Loose Regulation**
- **New Strategy**

undiscovered

Multi petition Urban petition

Regulation Amendment

Noise control Act Noise control Standard

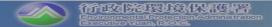
Education&Consult Platform

Detection technique

Consult \ Lawsuit(psychology)



4. Summary





The End

Thanks for your attention



Blue skies and green earth

Verdant mountains and pristine water

Environmentally conscious citizenry

Sustainable homeland

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